

HOCPP 1065

In The Hands of A Child



Multi-Grade Level

Project Pack
Continent Study Series

ASIA



A Ready-to- Assemble
Hands-On Unit
Including Reproducibles

Asia

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From the time we first began using Project Packs we fell in love with them. We knew that this type of hands-on learning experience was just the thing that was needed to make boring academics not only educational but, fun and exciting too!

To help get you started we have included some of the questions we receive about Project Packs.

What is a Project Pack?

A Project Pack is simply a great way of compiling key points from your studies into one spot that can easily be stored and available to be reviewed at any time

How does this help me? and Why is this a better way for learning?

The number one reason is the students will retain the information covered so much faster. Children learn by doing. Project Packs put learning into their hands!

Another reason is it is a convenient way to store those wonderful projects. Students can go back and review them at any time and your schoolroom or refrigerator is not cluttered with bits and pieces of their projects.

And the final reason is they are great and the possibilities are endless! There are no age limits and no subject lines that cannot be worked into a Project Pack. We will be adding many units to help you in the education of your students.

How do I make a Project Pack?

A Project Pack is simply a file folder refolded into a shutter style book. Open it flat and then fold the sides into the middle creasing neatly and there you have it.

For a more colorful and eye-appealing Project Pack it is suggested that some of your Reproducibles be printed out on colored multi-purpose paper.

What supplies do I need?

You will want to have file folders, paper of different colors and weights, your students' favorite coloring tools, tape, glue, scissors, and a stapler.

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- **Tiger:** The tiger is a member of the cat family that lives in the forests of Asia. Tigers are the largest animals in the cat family. A male tiger grows to be 8 to 10 feet (2.4 to 3 m) long, including his 3-foot tail. The Siberian tiger grows as big as 13 feet (4 m) long and weighs up to 650 pounds (290 kg). Tigers are easy to spot because of their orange-yellow coat and black stripes.

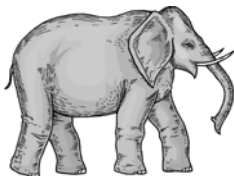
Tigers usually live alone. They are **carnivores** and they hunt at night. Tigers hunt deer, antelope, wild pigs, and cattle. Their enemies are elephants, wild dogs, and water buffaloes. Tiger hunting used to be a common sport in Asia and tens of thousands of tigers were killed. The tiger is now an **endangered species**.



There are six subspecies of tigers that live in Asia: Siberian, Sumatran, Malayan, North Indochinese, Bengal, and South China. The Siberian tigers, also called Amur, are native to China, North Korea, and Russia. The Sumatran tiger is only found in Sumatra, the Malayan tiger is found on the Malay Peninsula, the North Indochinese tiger lives in parts of Indochina and South China, the Bengal tiger is found in India, Bangladesh, Nepal, and Myanmar, and the South China tiger lives in central and eastern China.

Tigers are classified in the phylum Chordata, subphylum Vertebrata, class Mammalia, order Carnivora, family Felidae.

- **Asian Elephant:** Asian elephants, also called Indian elephants, are the smallest of the elephant species. They weigh between 4,000 and 10,000 pounds (2,000 to 4,000 kg) and stand 7 to 11 feet (2 to 3 m) tall. Asian elephants have dark gray skin, rounded backs, and ears that are about 2.5 feet (0.75 m) long. Their tusks measure up to 6 feet (180 cm) long. Elephants are smart animals and can be trained. Indian elephants are used in Asia as beasts of burden, especially in the teak forests where they carry logs with their trunks.



Elephants have been hunted for ivory and food and their population has decreased. Some elephants are protected in certain areas of Asia. Elephants are the only living member in their order, which included the mammoth and the mastodon. Elephants are classified in the phylum Chordata, subphylum Vertebrata, class Mammalia, order Proboscidea and family Elephantidae.

- **Panda:** There are two Asian bears in the Panda group; the giant panda and the red panda. The giant panda is a bear that lives in the bamboo

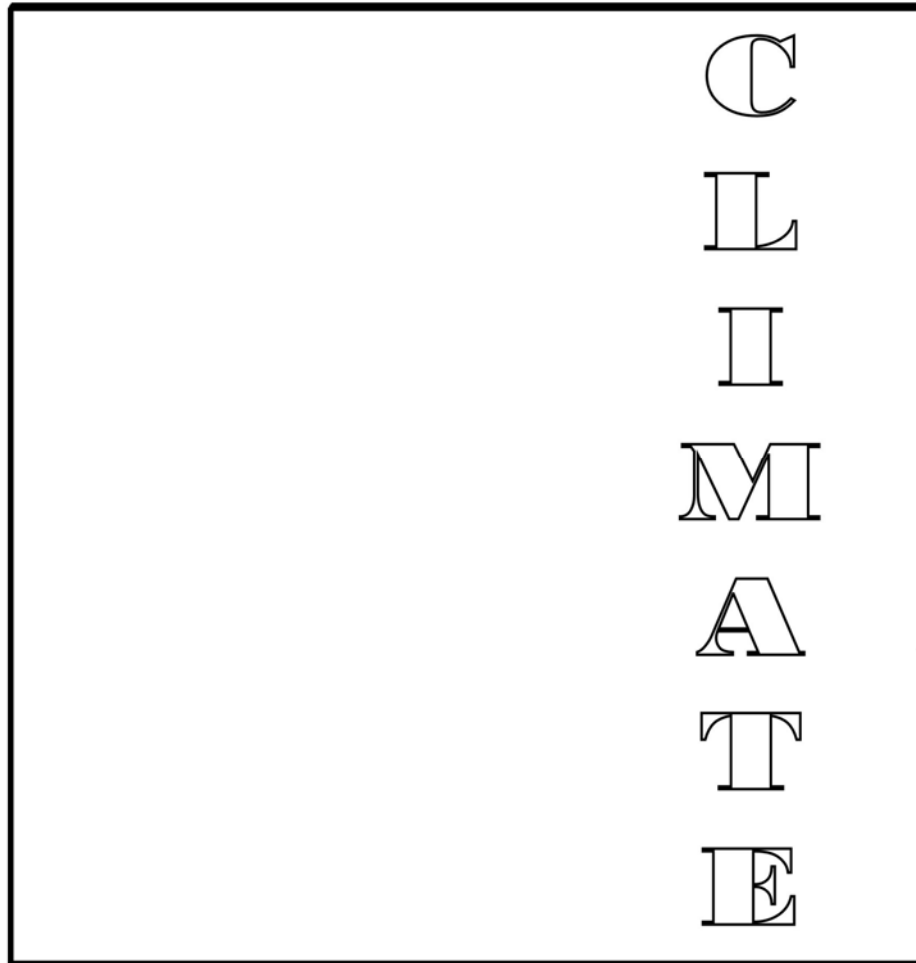


1. Complete Asian vocabulary
2. What population of the total world resides in Asia?
3. What borders Asia?
4. Who are the people of Asia?
5. What languages are spoken in Asia?
6. What are the religions of Asia? Describe the details of each.
7. What are the political systems in Asia?
8. What world record points does Asia have?
9. What is the climate of Asia like?
10. What are some of the natural resources Asia produces?
11. What types of animals live in Asia?
12. What civilizations made their start in Asia?
13. Who was Marco Polo?
14. What was the Silk Road?
15. What are the major regions of Asia? Which countries are included in each?
16. Describe Southwest Asia
17. Describe South Asia
18. Describe Southeast Asia
19. Describe East Asia
20. Describe Northern Asia
21. Describe Central Asia
22. What are the countries of Asia?

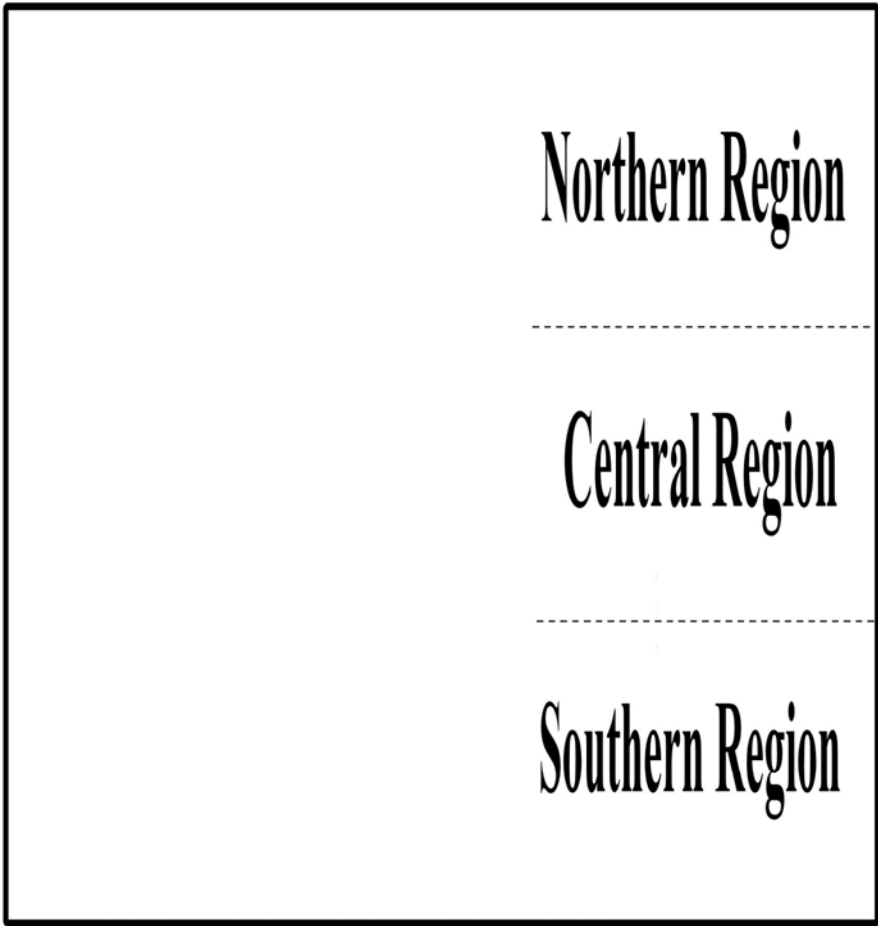
Activity 9:

What is the climate of Asia like?

- Place the 3 door book inside the cover provided after cutting as instructed
- Under each of the region flaps describe, in detail, the climate of the region

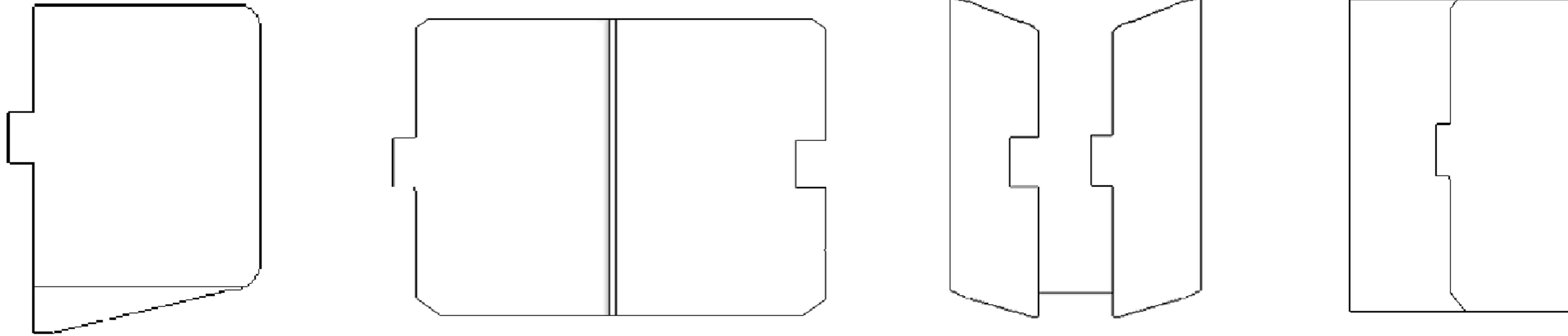


This is the cover for your Three Door Book. Fold in half lengthwise. Paste Three Door Book inside.



Fold in half lengthwise. Cut on dotted line to create three flaps.

Instructions to Re-fold a Folder



Normal Fold:

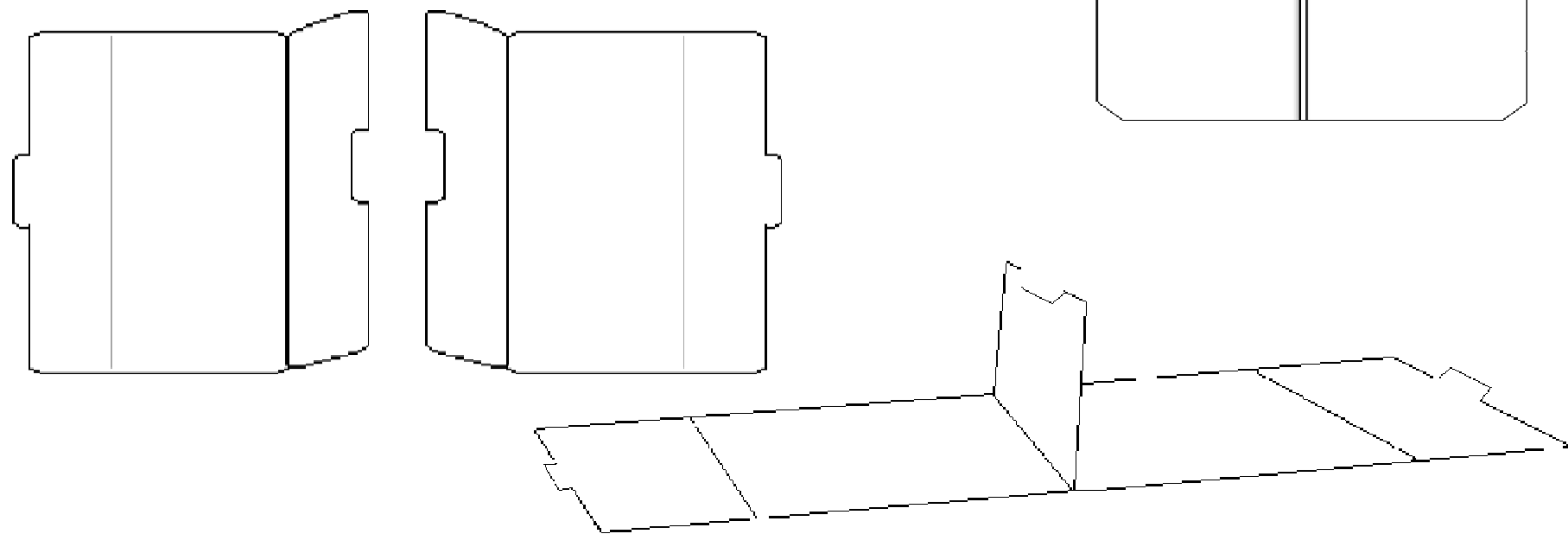
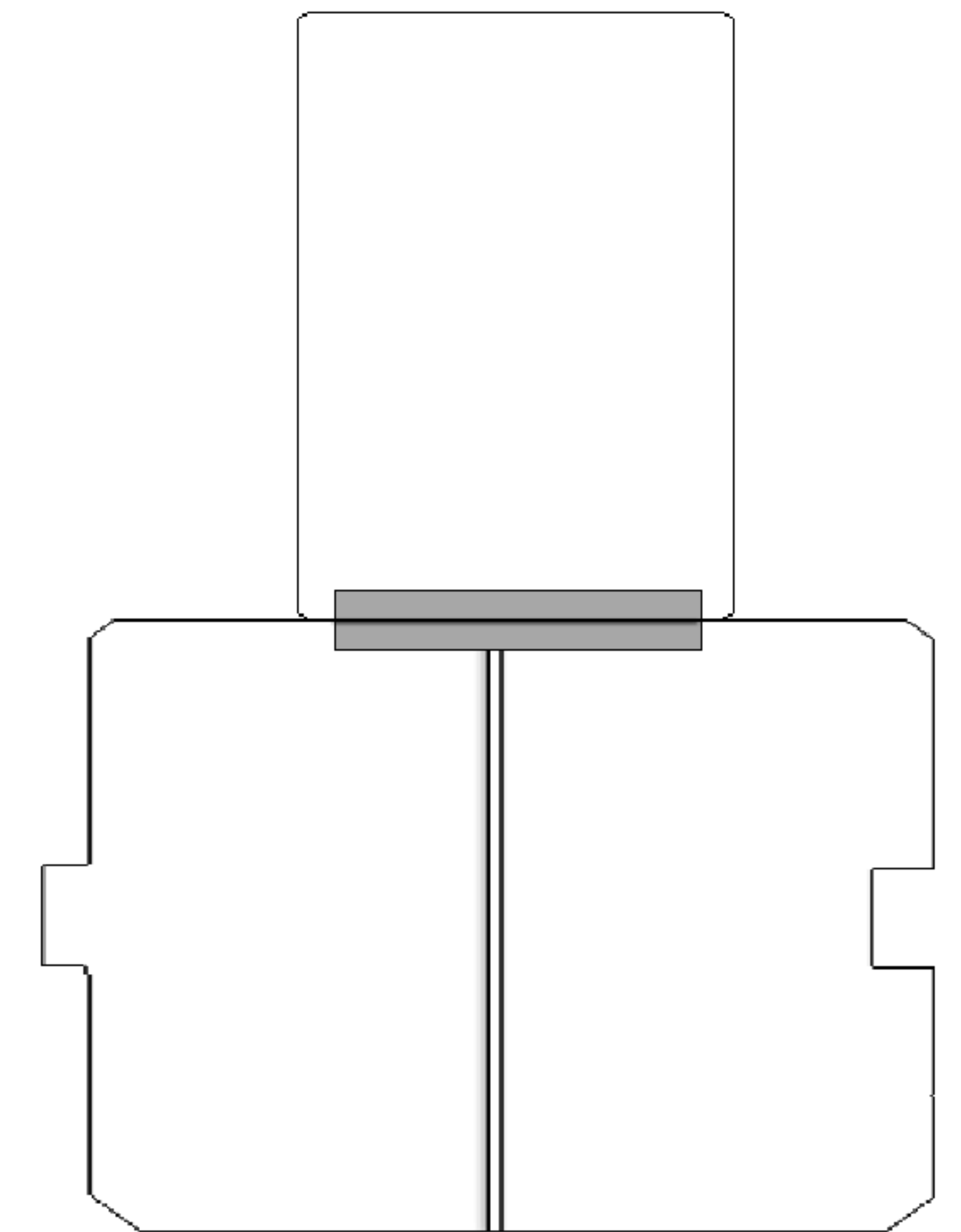
Open folder flat

Fold both the right and left edge to the center crease creating a shutter

Cut a folder in half OR use a piece of cardstock to form your extension

Lay the extension in the center of the shutter fold folder

Attach at the top end using clear packing tape



Double Folder:

Open folder flat

Fold both the right and left edge in toward the center crease creating a shutter

Do this again with a second folder

Set both folders side by side with their shutters opened (pointing straight up not flat)

In the center where the two folders meet glue the outer flaps of each shutter together connecting the two folders

Fold both shutters closed and flip over and close

The back of one of the folders becomes your cover

***You can add extensions to a double folder using the same method as for a single folder.